# CALIFORNIA REGIONAL WATER QUALITY CONTROL BOARD SAN FRANCISCO BAY REGION

ORDER NO. 90-023 NPDES NO. CA0038270

WASTE DISCHARGE REQUIREMENTS FOR:

EAST BAY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT WALNUT CREEK FILTER PLANT WALNUT CREEK, CONTRA COSTA COUNTY

The California Regional Water Quality Control Board, San Francisco Bay Region, (hereinafter Board) finds that:

- 1. East Bay Municipal Utility District, hereinafter discharger, by application, dated June 15, 1989, has applied for renewal of waste discharge requirements and a permit to discharge waste under the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES).
- 2. The discharger treats and produces an average of 28 million gallons per day (mgd). Treatment consists of chemical coagulation, filtration, disinfection and fluoridation. Chlorine, aluminum sulfate, cationic polymer, activated carbon, potassium permanganate, lime and fluoride are added in the treatment process. The treatment generates wastewaters discharged by the following operating procedures:
  - a. One filter per day is backwashed which generates a total of 230,000 gallons of backwash water per day. Normally, the backwash water is held in the washwater basin for settling and then pumped into Aqueduct to Orinda. When problems occur, such as tastes and odors, backwash supernatant from the washwater settling basin is discharged through outfall E-001 to Grayson Creek. There was one discharge through outfall E-001 in January 1989.
  - Sludge from the washwater basin is discharged to the b. detention basin, gravity sludge thickened, periodically hauled to the district's wastewater treatment facility in Oakland. The supernatant is pumped to the Lafayette Aqueduct unless there are taste and odor problems; in which case, the supernatant would be discharged to Grayson Creek via E-002. One discharge occurred in August 1987. Ozone treatment will be added 1990. Concurrently, continuous solids removal equipment will be installed in the sedimentation basins.
- 3. Both outfalls are surface discharges to Grayson Creek. Outfall E-001 is a 16 inch diameter concrete pipe (Latitude

- 37 deg., 34 min., 53.6 sec.; Longitude 122 deg., 05 min., 00.8 sec.). Outfall E-002 is a 6 inch diameter metal pipe (Latitude 37 deg., 54 min., 51.8 sec.; Longitude 122 deg., 05 min., 00.2 sec.).
- 4. The discharge is presently governed by Waste Discharge Requirements, Order No. 85-7, which allow discharge into Grayson Creek, a tributary to Carquinez Strait.
- 5. The Regional Board adopted a revised Water Quality Control Plan for the San Francisco Bay Region (Basin Plan) on December 17, 1986. The Basin Plan contains water quality objectives for Grayson Creek, Carquinez Strait and contigous waters.
- 6. The beneficial uses of Grayson Creek, Carquinez Strait and contiguous water bodies are:
  - a. Water contact recreation
  - b. Non-contact water recreation
  - c. Wildlife habitat
  - d. Preservation of rare and endangered species
  - e. Estuarine and warm fresh water habitat
  - f. Fish migration and spawning
  - g. Industrial service supply
  - h. Navigation
  - i. Commercial and Sport fishing
- 7. The discharge to Grayson Creek violates the Basin Plan's prohibitions against discharge of any wastewater which has characteristics of concern to beneficial uses into nontidal waters and at any point at which the wastewater does not receive a minimum initial dilution of at least 10:1.
- 8. The discharge of wastewater in compliance with the requirements of this order qualifies for an exception to the Basin Plan prohibitions because an inordinate burden would be placed on the discharger relative to the beneficial uses protected. Also, an equivalent level of environmental protection will be achieved by the high quality of wastewater required by this Order for discharge.
- 9. This Order serves as an NPDES permit, adoption of which is exempt from the provisions of Chapter 3 (commencing with Section 21100) of Division 13 of the Public Resources Code (CEQA) pursuant to Section 13389 of the California Water Code.
- 10. The discharger and interested agencies and persons have been notified of the Board's intent to reissue requirements for the existing discharge and have been provided with the opportunity for a public hearing and an opportunity to submit their written views and recommendations.
- 11. The Board, in a public meeting, heard and considered all comments pertaining to the discharge.

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED THAT East Bay Municipal Utility District, in order to meet the provisions contained in Division 7 of the California Water Code and regulations adopted thereunder, and the provisions of the Clean Water Act as amended and regulations and guidelines adopted thereunder, shall comply with the following:

### A. <u>Discharge Prohibitions</u>

- 1. Discharge of wastewater through Outfall E-001 is prohibited except when problems such as tastes and odors occur.
- Discharge of wastewater through Outfall E-002 in excess of a monthly average flow of 20,000 gallons per day is prohibited except in case of emergency.
- 3. No sludge shall be discharged into watercourses or waters of the State.
- 4. There shall be no bypass of untreated wastewater to waters of the State.

### B. <u>Effluent Limitations</u>

1. Effluent discharged shall not exceed the following limits:

Con:	stituents Total Suspended	<u>Units</u>	30-day <u>Average</u>	<u>Daily</u>	Instan- taneous <u>Maximum</u>
	Solids	mg/l	15	30	
b.	Settleable	3,			
	Matter	ml/l-hr	0.1	0.2	
c.	Total Chlorine	• .			
	residual (1)	mg/l			0.0
đ.	Aluminum Dis-				
	solved	mg/l			0.75

- (1) Requirement defined as below limit of detection in standard test methods.
- 2. Waste shall not have a pH of less than 6.5 nor greater than 8.5, unless the raw influent water being filtered has a pH greater than 8.5, in which case the waste shall not have a pH greater than that of the influent water.
- 3. In any representative set of samples, the waste as discharged shall meet the following limit of quality:
  TOXICITY: The survival of test fishes in 96 hour bioassays of the effluent as discharged shall be a median of 90 % survival and a

90 percentile value of not less than 70 % survival.

## C. Receiving Water Limitations

- 1. The discharge of waste shall not cause the following conditions to exist in waters of the State at any point.
  - a. Floating, suspended, or deposited macroscopic particulate matter or foam;
  - b. Bottom deposits or aquatic growths;
  - c. Alteration of temperature, turbidity, or apparent color beyond present natural background levels;
  - d. Increased turbidity above backround levels by more than the following:

Receiving Water Backround	<u>Incremental Increase</u>
<50 units (NTU)	5 units, maximum
50 - 100 units	10 units, maximum
>100 units	10 % of backround,

- e. Visible, floating, suspended, or deposited oil or other products of petroleum origin:
- f. Toxic or other deleterious substances to be present in concentrations or quantities which will cause deleterious effects on aquatic biota, wildlife, or waterfowl, or which render any of this unfit for human consumption either at levels created in the receiving waters or as a result of biological concentration.
- 2. The discharge of waste shall not cause the following limits to be exceeded in waters of the State in any place whithin one foot of the water surface:
  - whithin one foot of the water surface: a. Dissolved Oxygen 5.0 mg/l minimum. Median of any three consecutive months shall not be less than 80 saturation. When natural factors cause lesser concentration(s) than those specified above, then this discharge shall not cause further reduction in the concentration of dissolved oxygen.
    - b. Dissolved Sulfide 0.1 mg/l maximum
    - c. pH Variation from natural ambient pH by

## more than 0.5 pH units.

d. Un-ionized Ammonia

0.025 mg/l as N Annual Median; 0.4 mg/l as N Maximum.

3. The discharge shall not cause a violation of any applicable water quality standard for receiving waters adopted by the Board or the State Water Resources Control Board as required by the Clean Water Act and regulations adopted thereunder. If more stringent applicable water quality standards are promulgated or approved pursuant to Section 303 of the Clean Water Act, or amendments thereto, the Board will revise and modify this Order in accordance with such more stringent standards.

# D. <u>Provisions</u>

1. The requirements prescribed by this Order supersede the requirements prescribed by Order No. 85-7 adopted on January 15, 1985. Order No. 85-7 is hereby rescinded.

Where concentration limitations in mg/l are contained in this permit, the following mass emission limitations shall also apply as follows:
Mass Emission Limit in lbs/day = Concentration Limit in mg/l x 8.34 x Actual Flow in mgd averaged over the time interval to which the limit applies.

- 3. The discharger shall comply with all sections of this Order upon adoption.
- 4. The discharger shall review and update by December 31, annually, its contingency plan as required by Board Resolution No. 74-10. The discharge of pollutants in violation of this Order where the discharger has failed to develop and/or implement a contigency plan will be basis for considering such discharge a willfull and negligent violation of this Order pursuant to Section 13387 of the California Water Code.
- 5. The discharger shall comply with the self-monitoring program as adopted by the Board and as may be amended by the Executive Officer.
- 6. The discharger shall comply with all applicable items of the attached "Standard Provisions, Reporting Requirements and Definitions" dated December 1986.
- 7. This Order expires February 21, 1995. The discharger must file a report of waste discharge in accordance with Title 23, Chapter 3, Subchapter 9 of the California Administrative Code not later than 180 days in advance

of such expiration date as applicable for issuance of new waste discharge requirements.

8. This Order shall serve as a National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Permit pursuant to Section 402 of the Clean Water Act or amendments thereto, and shall become effective 10 days after date of its adoption provided the Regional Administrator, Environmental Protection Agency, has no objections to its issuance, the permit shall not become effective until such objection is withdrawn.

I, Steven R. Ritchie, Executive Officer do hereby certify the foregoing is a full, true and correct copy of an Order adopted by the California Regional Water Quality Control Board, San Francisco Bay Region on February 21, 1990.

STEVEN R. RITCHIE Executive Officer

Attachments:

Standard Provisions & Reporting Requirements, December 1986 Self-Monitoring Program Resolution No. 74-10

[File No. 2119.1071B]
[Originator/MJR]
[Reviewer/RJC]

# CALIFORNIA REGIONAL WATER QUALITY CONTROL BOARD SAN FRANCISCO BAY REGION

# SELF-MONITORING PROGRAM FOR

EAST BAY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT

WALNUT CREEK FILTER PLANT

WALNUT CREEK, CONTRA COSTA COUNTY

NPDES NO. CA0038270

ORDER NO. 90-023

#### MONITORING SPECIFICATIONS Η.

#### 1. Description of Sampling Stations

a. Intake

Station

Description

I-1

At any point in the raw water supply prior to any treatment.

b. Effluent

Station

**Description** 

E-001

At any point in the Outfall

Pipe E-001.

E-002

At any point in the Outfall Pipe E-002.

c. Receiving Waters

Station

Description

C-1

At a point in Grayson Creek, located approximately 100 feet upstream from Outfall E-001

point of discharge.

C-2

At a point in Grayson Creek, located approximately 25 feet downstream from Outfall E-001

point of discharge.

C-3

At a point in Grayson Creek, located approximately 100 feet upstream from Outfall E-002

point of discharge.

C-4

At a point in Grayson Creek, located approximately 25 feet downstream from Oufall E-002 point of discharge.

#### 2. Schedule of Sampling and Analysis

a. The schedule of sampling and analysis shall be that given as Table I.

I, Steven R. Ritchie, Executive Officer, do hereby certify that the foregoing Self-Monitoring Program:

Has been developed in accordance with the procedure set 1.

forth in this Regional Board's Resolution No. 73-16 in order to obtain data and document compliance with waste discharge requirements established in Regional Board Order No. 90-023.

- Is effective on the date shown below. 2.
- 3. May be reviewed at any time subsequent to the effective date upon written notice from the Executive Officer or request from the discharger, and revisions will be ordered by the Executive Officer.

STEVEN R. RITCHIE

Attachments: Table I

## TABLE I

# SCHEDULE FOR SAMPLING, MEASUREMENTS, AND ANALYSES

NPDES # CA0038270

ORDER NO. 90-023

SAMPLING STATIONS	E-0	01	E-0	02	C-1 C-4	thru	I	
TYPE OF SAMPLES	C-24	G	C-24	G	G	0	G	
Flow Rate (mgd)		(1) D		(1) D				
Settleable Matter (ml/l-hr)		D		D				
Total Suspended Solids (mg/l & lbs/day)		D		D				
Aluminum dissolved (mg/l & lbs/day)		Y		Y				
Chlorine Residual (mg/l)		ם	·	D				-
pH (units)		D		D	D		D	
Fish Toxicity, 96-hour % Survival in undiluted waste		Y		Y				
Turbidity (Nephelometric Turbidity Units)		D			Д			
All Applicable Standard Observations						D		

### LEGEND FOR TABLE

### TYPES OF SAMPLES

G = grab sample

C-24 = composite sample - 24-hour

0 = observation

# TYPES OF STATIONS

I = intake and/or water

supply stations

E = waste effluent stations

C = receiving water stations

# FREQUENCY OF SAMPLING

Y = yearly, during the first calendar quarter

W = weekly M = monthly

D = daily when there is a discharge.

(1) An estimate is acceptable. Basis of calculation shall be stated.